1. DATE - TIME GROUP 10 November 53 11/0026Z	**2. LOCATION** Dayton, Ohio
3. SOURCE Civilian	**10. CONCLUSION** Astronomical (meteor.) Interrogation by phone revealed cause of sighting probably a meteor
4. NUMBER OF OBJECTS One	
5. LENGTH OF OBSERVATION 2 Seconds	**11. BRIEF SUMMARY AND ANALYSIS** Source called ATIC duty officer and reported orange fiery light traveling in a W direction at high rate of speed. Object was observed approx 2 seconds before disappearing behind a hill.
6. TYPE OF OBSERVATION Ground-Visual	
7. COURSE West	
8. PHOTOS ☐ Yes ☒ No	
9. PHYSICAL EVIDENCE ☐ Yes ☒ No	

FORM
FTD SEP 63 0-329 (TDE) Previous editions of this form may be used.

1 witness (10/1926 Dayton Ohio (2

Form A

U. S. AIR FORCE TECHNICAL INFORMATION SHEET

This questionnaire has been prepared so that you can give the U. S. Air Force as much information as possible concerning the unidentified aerial phenomenon that you have observed. Please try to answer as many questions as you possibly can. The information that you give will be used for research purposes, and will be regarded as confidential material. Your name will not be used in connection with any statements, conclusions, or publications without your permission. We request this personal information so that, if it is deemed necessary, we may contact you for further details.

1. When did you see the object?

10 (Day) Nov (Month) 53 (Year)

2. Time of day: 1926 (Hour) _____ (Minutes)

(Circle One): A.M. or P.M.

3. Time zone:

(Circle One): a. Eastern
b. Central
c. Mountain
d. Pacific
e. Other _____

(Circle One): a. Daylight Saving
b. Standard

4. Where were you when you saw the object?

_____ (Nearest Postal Address) Dayton (City or Town) _____ (State or Country)

Additional remarks: _____

5. Estimate how long you saw the object. _____ (Hours) _____ (Minutes) 2 (Seconds)

5.1 *Circle one* of the following to indicate how certain you are of your answer to Question 5.

a. Certain
b. Fairly certain
c. Not very sure
d. Just a guess

6. What was the condition of the sky?

(Circle One): a. Bright daylight
b. Dull daylight
c. Bright twilight
d. Just a trace of daylight
(e.) No trace of daylight
f. Don't remember

7. IF you saw the object during DAYLIGHT, TWILIGHT, or DAWN, where was the SUN located as you looked at the object?

(Circle One): a. In front of you
b. In back of you
c. To your right
d. To your left
e. Overhead
f. Don't remember

8. IF you saw the object at NIGHT, TWILIGHT, or DAWN, what did you notice concerning the STARS and MOON?

8.1 STARS *(Circle One)*:

a. None
(b.) A few
c. Many
d. Don't remember

8.2 MOON *(Circle One)*:

a. Bright moonlight
b. Dull moonlight
(c.) No moonlight — pitch dark
d. Don't remember

9. Was the object brighter than the background of the sky?

(Circle One): (a. Yes) b. No c. Don't remember

10. IF it was BRIGHTER THAN the sky background, was the brightness like that of an automobile headlight?:

(Circle One) a. A mile or more away (a distant car)?
b. Several blocks away?
c. A block away?
d. Several yards away?
e. Other _____

11. Did the object: *(Circle One for each question)*

a. Appear to stand still at any time?	Yes	No	Don't Know
b. Suddenly speed up and rush away at any time?	Yes	No	Don't Know
c. Break up into parts or explode?	Yes	No	Don't Know
d. Give off smoke?	Yes	No	Don't Know
e. Change brightness?	Yes	No	Don't Know
f. Change shape?	Yes	No	Don't Know
g. Flicker, throb, or pulsate?	Yes	No	Don't Know

12. Did the object move behind something at anytime, particularly a cloud?

(Circle One): Yes No Don't Know. IF you answered YES, then tell what it moved behind: _____

_____.

13. Did the object move in front of something at anytime, particularly a cloud?

(Circle One): Yes No Don't Know. IF you answered YES, than tell what it moved in front of: _____

_____.

14. Did the object appear: *(Circle One)*: a. Solid? b. Transparent? c. Don't Know.

15. Did you observe the object through any of the following?

a. Eyeglasses	Yes	No	e. Binoculars	Yes	No
b. Sun glasses	Yes	No	f. Telescope	Yes	No
c. Windshield	Yes	No	g. Theodolite	Yes	No
d. Window glass	Yes	No	h. Other _____		

16. Tell in a few words the following things about the object.

a. Sound _____

b. Color orange, fiery, constant brightness

17. Draw a picture that will show the shape of the object or objects. Label and include in your sketch any details of the object that you saw such as wings, protrusions, etc., and especially exhaust trails or vapor trails. Place an arrow beside the drawing to show the direction the object was moving.

18. The edges of the object were:

(Circle One):
a. Fuzzy or blurred
b. Like a bright star
c. Sharply outlined
d. Don't remember
e. Other _____

19. IF there was MORE THAN ONE object, then how many were there? _____
Draw a picture of how they were arranged, and put an arrow to show the direction that they were traveling.

20. Draw a picture that will show the motion that the object or objects made. Place an "A" at the beginning of the path, a "B" at the end of the path, and show any changes in direction during the course.

21. IF POSSIBLE, try to guess or estimate what the real size of the object was in its longest dimension. _____feet.

22. How large did the object or objects appear as compared with one of the following objects *held in the hand* and at about arm's length?

(Circle One):

a. Head of a pin
b. Pea
c. Dime
d. Nickel
e. Quarter
f. Half dollar
g. Silver dollar
h. Baseball
i. Grapefruit
j. Basketball
k. Other _____

22.1 *(Circle One of the following to indicate how certain you are of your answer to Question 22.*

a. Certain
b. Fairly certain
c. Not very sure
d. Uncertain

23. How did the object or objects disappear from view? disciked apart across the sky.

24. In order that you can give as clear a picture as possible of what you saw, we would like for you to imagine that you could construct the object that you saw. Of what type material would you make it? How large would it be, and what shape would it have? Describe in your own words a common object or objects which when placed up in the sky would give the same appearance as the object which you saw.

25. Where were you located when you saw the object? *(Circle One):*

a. Inside a building
b. In a car
c. Outdoors
d. In an airplane
e. At sea
f. Other _____

26. Were you *(Circle One)*

a. In the business section of a city?
b. In the residential section of a city?
c. In open countryside?
d. Flying near an airfield?
e. Flying over a city?
f. Flying over open country?
g. Other _____

27. What were you doing at the time you saw the object, and how did you happen to notice it?

Was driving across West third St Bridge in Dayton

28. IF you were MOVING IN AN AUTOMOBILE or other vehicle at the time, then complete the following questions:

28.1 What direction were you moving? *(Circle One)*

a. North
b. Northeast
c. East
d. Southeast
e. South
f. Southwest
(g.) West
h. Northwest

28.2 How fast were you moving? 20 miles per hour.

28.3 Did you stop at any time while you were looking at the object? Was driving on West third St Bridge.

(Circle One) Yes (No) It was brightly lighted

29. What direction were you looking when you first saw the object? *(Circle One)*

a. North
b. Northeast
c. East
d. Southeast
e. South
f. Southwest
(g.) West
h. Northwest

30. What direction were you looking when you last saw the object? *(Circle One)*

a. North
b. Northeast
c. East
d. Southeast
e. South
f. Southwest
g. West
h. Northwest

31. If you are familiar with bearing terms (angular direction), try to estimate the number of degrees the object was from true North and also the number of degrees it was upward from the horizon (elevation).

31.1 When it first appeared:

a. From true North _____ degrees.
b. From horizon _____ degrees.

31.2 When it disappeared:

a. From true North _____ degrees.
b. From horizon _____ degrees.

39. Do you think you can estimate the *speed* of the object?

(Circle One) Yes No

IF you answered YES, then what speed would you estimate? _____ m.p.h.

40. Do you think you can estimate how far away from you the object was?

(Circle One) Yes No

IF you answered YES, then how far away would you say it was? _____ feet.

41. Please give the following information about yourself:

NAME _____ (Last Name) _____ (First Name) _____ (Middle Name)

ADDRESS _____ (Street) Dayton (City) _____ (Zone) _____ (State)

TELEPHONE NUMBER _____ AD 2112 Office

What is your present job? Newspaper advertising salesman Capt. Intell Off 121st Fighter Base Squadron Vandalia

Age _____ Sex Male

Please indicate any special educational training that you have had.

a. Grade school _____
b. High school _____
c. College _____
d. Post graduate _____
e. e. Technical school _____
(Type) _____
f. Other special training _____
_____

42. Date you completed this questionnaire: _____ (Day) _____ (Month) _____ (Year)

Form B

U. S. AIR FORCE TECHNICAL INFORMATION SHEET

(SUMMARY DATA)

In order that your information may be filed and coded as accurately as possible, please use the following space to write out a short description of the event that you observed. You may repeat information that you have already given in the questionnaire, and add any further comments, statements, or sketches that you believe are important. Try to present the details of the observation in the order in which they occurred. Additional pages of the same size paper may be attached if they are needed.

NAME _____
(Please Print)

SIGNATURE _____

DATE _____

(Do Not Write in This Space)

CODE:

Fitch called Source and determined object to be Meteor.

11 NOV 53
NORTH PACIFIC

HYDROGRAPHIC BULLETIN

METEORS

The Hydrographic Office is cooperating with astronomers who are studying meteors. Mariners reporting their observations of these bodies are greatly assisting in this work. It is desired to have the Greenwich time and point of appearance and disappearance as accurate as possible, either by bearing and altitude, or by relation to fixed stars, or both.

Complete observations on long-enduring trains and their direction of drift are of especial importance, as they determine wind direction in the upper atmosphere.

NORTH PACIFIC

Mr. Antonio G. Pista aboard the American SS. *President Fillmore*, Capt. Carl F. A. Johnson, Master, reports that on November 11, 1953, at 1040 G. M. T. in lat. 29°29′ N., lon. 163°23′ W., a comet was observed to shoot horizontally across the sky at approximately 25° altitude with a blinding flash. Dark blue in color, this comet illuminated the sky, sea, and vessel for a full 30 seconds, and the comet's trail glowed for 5 minutes after its passage.

Weather was clear and fine, wind NE. force 2, low northeasterly sea and swell, barometer 30.32 inches, temperature 66° F., sea 72° F.

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRI

14 Nov 55
Lebanon Ohio

CRIFO Newsletter

INFRA RED FILM WITH RED FILTER SHOWS DISEMBODIED GLOBE OF LIGHT: On November 14, 1955 Mrs. Ethel Obleman of Lebanon, Ohio operating an Eastman 35 mm. Pony, a two element lens camera, equipped with infra-red and red filter was shooting for pictures of Mercury in eclipse of the sun. The camera was mounted on a tripod, and she attests, "was not moved a fraction." Making 12 second exposures, she saw nothing unusual in her field of vision before or during the 10 minute time lapse between pictures.

When the film was returned from the developers she couldn't find Mercury, but was puzzled to see a small round milk-glass object, like a "moon", which appeared in only two frames of the roll. In one picture the object appeared at about 8 o'clock in position to the sun's glare; in the other, it descended vertically about 10 degrees, hovering in front of a cluster of winter-bared trees. The moon is the same size in both frames and of the same brilliance as the sun. The negatives verify this, showing an intense black object about a foot in diameter. By this evidence the object is not a result of an emulsion fluid droplet or air bubbles in careless development.

Research by Mr. Herbert Clark, checked out Newton Rings. The Lebanon "moons" were dissimilar to the optical design and symmetry found in Newton phenomena. Another film analyst, Mr. Ken Hock, said the objects were probably reflections from the sun, then advised that the film be sent to Eastman Lab in Rochester for further analysis. However, a member of Eastman Office, Cincinnati, Herb Clark and myself doubted Hock's "sundog" explanation. Clark argued that infra red film and red filter would have eliminated the sun's glare. Supporting Clark's theory is the remaining frames of film which show the sun but no "moons."

THE HYPOTHESIS OF THE INVISIBLE "THINKING" LIGHT: If the object cannot be resolved as a lenticular phenomenon, and, with all other avenues to solution theoretically closed, only one feasible explanation remains; the object is a material, but non-metal device, spherical in shape and operates under remote control.

Considering the later anomaly, analysis shows that the object's non-metal substance is translucent. The proof is in the picture which shows the object "lodging" in the trees. Within the sphere's outline is revealed the hazy silhouette of a fork in the tree directly opposite. Thus, if controlled, the device is disembodied -- a machine without a power plant!

Evidence and logic do not provide the answer. If, as Mrs. Coleman says, the object was not seen in her field of vision, and, as the evidence suggests, the object does exist and is rendered "visible" only through infra red film, then perhaps the sphere is metamorphosical.